



TOOL Suggested Data Areas for Mapping

Target	Suggested data areas
4.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Education for country's nationals abroad, for example, data on access and enrolment → Education for migrants within country, as above (include access to education and learning opportunities for migrant minors especially)
5.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Trafficking of women and girls, including the proportion of identified victims who are female and the purpose for which they have been trafficked → Any violence against or exploitation of women related to migration, including sexual or gender-based violence → See also targets 16.2 and 8.7
8.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Human trafficking standardized metrics such as number of identified victims of trafficking, number of traffickers arrested/charged/prosecuted/convicted, number of trafficking investigations started/completed. Metrics should aim to include whether detected trafficking happens across international borders and, if so, which ones, type of exploitation for which people were trafficked, and gender and age of persons involved → Other forms of modern slavery, including forced labour, forced marriage, and child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers → Kinds of government policy, legislation and practice are in place to address human trafficking and other forms of modern slavery → Data on child migrants → See also targets 5.2 and 16.2
8.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Labour migration statistics, for example, volume of migrant workers per industry, including seasonal workers → Labour migration governance, for example, ratification, implementation and compliance of ILO instruments → Female labour migration, including on domestic workers → Other data for example on recruitment costs, labour rights violations including occupational injuries, irregular migrant workers, migrant contributions to economies
10.7	<p>Migration Governance</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Adherence to international standards and fulfillment of migrants' rights → Whole-of-government approach to migration policies → Engagement with partners to address migration-related issues → Advancement of the socioeconomic well-being of migrants and society → Effective action on the mobility dimensions of crises → Assurance that migration takes place in a safe, orderly and dignified manner <p>IOM's MGI framework may be consulted to identify sub-areas under the six domains above, which can inform a government-led data mapping exercise</p> <p>10.7.1 Recruitment Cost</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Recruitment cost borne by employee as a proportion of yearly income earned in country of destination



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- Remittances, for example, transfer fees, total volumes remitted
 - Impact of remittances, for example, proportion used for consumption/investment
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- 16.2**
- Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000
 - Population disaggregated by sex, age and form of exploitation
 - Trafficking of children, including the proportion of identified victims who are children and the purpose for which they have been trafficked
 - Any violence against or exploitation of child migrants
 - See also targets 5.2 and 8.7
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- 17.18**
- Existence of and compliance to local or national migration data plan, migration data legislation
 - Extent of disaggregation across development and governance sectors by migratory status and other migration variables
 - Overall ability to report on SDGs and migration
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Data Sources Data mapping should focus on gathering information from government ministries, agencies and other bodies. However, implementing bodies may also consult international data sources. These could include, for example:

- Compiled diverse data on the Global Migration Data Portal
- The Migration and Remittances Database by the World Bank, on remittances
- The UN Population Division's Global Migration Database, OECD Database on Immigrants in OECD countries and UNHCR Statistical Online Population Database on migration patterns and human rights
- Gallup World Poll (GWP), on migration patterns
- UNESCO UIS, on international student mobility
- The Counter-Trafficking Data Collaborative, IOM, www.ctdatacollaborative.org/
- Global Estimates of Modern Slavery: Forced Labour and Forced Marriage, ILO and Walk Free Foundation, in partnership with IOM

For more information on data sources, view the Global Migration Data Portal.
