

## MAKING MIGRATION WORK FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT PHILIPPINES

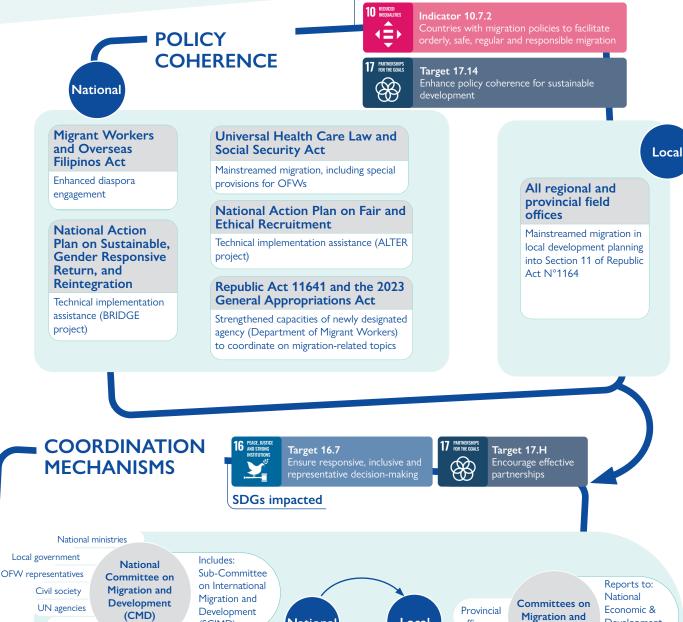


2011-2023

The Philippines has a young population, which is forecast to grow in the coming years and is currently facing high unemployment. The Philippines has one of the largest diasporas in the world, with an estimated 5.4 million emigrants, including nearly 2.3 million Overseas Foreign Workers (OFWs). This, coupled with climate-related disasters and potential displacement, mean that migration will play a key role in the Philippines' sustainable development future. COVID-19 has also accelerated return migration, as almost 800,000 OFWs returned to the Philippines in 2020, with an IOM study finding that 4 in every 5 were still unemployed three months after arrival.

The Philippines has pioneered the migration and sustainable development approach for nearly a decade, participating in the Joint Migration and Development Initiative (JMDI) as well as the M4SD Programme. The country has championed significant policy achievements, supporting local government units to include migration into local development planning, facilitating safe and dignified reintegration of migrants especially through the Bridging Recruitment to Reintegration in Migration Governance (BRIDGE) Programme, advancing ethical recruitment and labour migrants' rights, and integrating migration comprehensively into national policies for a coherent policy environment.

#### **SDGs** impacted



National

Local

offices

Development

Development

Authority

(NEDA)

(SCIMD)

Academic

Private sector

#### Philippines M4SD Results 2011-2023

Local

### PUTTING POLICIES INTO PRACTICE TO IMPROVE COMMUNITY WELLBEING



National

<u>Toolkit</u> on Ethical Recruitment Due Diligence for recruitment agencies and training packages on ethical recruitment for governments and CSOs (ALTER project)

Consolidated Application for Recruitment and Labor Migration Assistance (CARLA), an automated chatbot to efficiently refer migrant workers cases (ALTER project) 2 studies (i) <u>on</u> migration and climate change in the Philippines and (ii) <u>on the ban</u> on direct hiring of OFWs

**Target 13.3** Build knowledge and capacity to meet climate change Updated national reintegration frameworks/tools based on data and evidence: <u>studies and</u> <u>reports</u> elaborated

Target 17.18 Enhance availability of reliable data

Naga and Sorsogon, Calabarzon region

7 functioning Migrant Resource Centers created (JMDI project) **12 OFWs** help desks strengthened (JMDI project) **5 migrants'** organizations created and registered (JMDI project)

Target 16.10 Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms

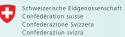
**SDGs** impacted

# SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GCALS

### MAKING A REAL AND MEASURABLE IMPACT IN COMMUNITIES OF PHILIPPINES

This fiche has been developed under <u>M4SD</u>, a global programme operating in 11 countries from 2019-2023. The M4SD Programme aims to harness the development benefits and reduce the negative effects of migration for host and home communities, migrants and their family members. It is funded by the Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC). The fiche illustrates not only the work of this programme but also the country's overall achievements on migration and sustainable development.

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